
Problema: Calculeu

$$\int_V z\sqrt{x^2+y^2}dxdydz$$

essent

$$V = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : 0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq z \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{2x-x^2}\}$$

Resolem el problema utilitzant un canvi a coordenades cilíndriques

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \\ z = r \end{array} \right\}$$

Recordem que el jacobià d'aquest canvi és r .

$$\begin{aligned} \int_V z\sqrt{x^2+y^2}dxdydz &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{2\cos\theta} \int_0^2 zr^2dzdrd\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{2\cos\theta} 2r^2drd\theta = \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2}{3}[r^3]_0^{2\cos\theta}d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{16}{3}\cos^3\theta d\theta = \frac{16}{3} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\theta(1-\sin^2\theta)d\theta = \\ &= \frac{16}{3} \left[[\sin\theta]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}[\sin^3\theta]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right] = \frac{32}{9} \end{aligned}$$
